

1 TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:

2 The Committee on Commerce and Economic Development to which was
3 referred House Bill No. 482 entitled “An act relating to consumer protection”
4 respectfully reports that it has considered the same and recommends that the
5 bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in
6 lieu thereof the following:

7 Sec. 1. 9 V.S.A. § 41a is amended to read:

8 § 41a. LEGAL RATES

9 (a) Except as specifically provided by law, the rate of interest or the sum
10 allowed for forbearance or use of money shall be 12 percent per annum
11 computed by the actuarial method.

12 (b) The rate of interest or the sum allowed:

13 * * *

14 (10) Interest on a judgment against a debtor in default on credit card
15 debt incurred for personal, family, or household purposes shall accrue at the
16 rate of 12 percent per annum using simple interest, unless a court suspends or
17 reduces the accrual of interest pursuant to 12 V.S.A. § 2903a.

18 * * *

19 Sec. 2. 12 V.S.A. chapter 113 is amended to read:

20 CHAPTER 113. ~~JUDGMENT LIEN~~ JUDGMENTS AND JUDGMENT
21 LIENS

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§ 2903. DURATION AND EFFECTIVENESS

(c) ~~Interest~~ Unless a court suspends or reduces the accrual of interest pursuant to section 2903a of this title, interest on a judgment lien shall accrue at the rate of 12 percent per annum using simple interest.

(d) If a judgment lien is not satisfied within 30 days of recording, it may be foreclosed and redeemed as provided in this title and V.R.C.P. Rule 80.1 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure. Unless the court finds that as of the date of foreclosure the amount of the outstanding debt exceeds the value of the real property being foreclosed, section 4531 of this title shall apply to foreclosure of a judgment lien.

§ 2903a. ACCRUAL OF POSTJUDGMENT INTEREST ON CREDIT

CARD DEBT; SUSPENSION; REDUCTION; REINSTATEMENT

(a) Upon or after entering a judgment against a debtor in default on credit card debt incurred for personal, family, or household purposes, a court may suspend or reduce the accrual of interest on the judgment if it finds:

(1) the judgment debtor’s income and assets are exempt from collection; or

(2) based on his or her current income, assets, and expenses, the judgment debtor does not have more financial resources available than what is

1 reasonably necessary to support the debtor and his or her dependents.

2 (b) To request suspension or reduction of interest on a judgment, the debtor
3 shall submit to the court a motion to suspend or reduce interest that includes:

4 (1) a completed financial disclosure, on a form approved by the
5 court; and

6 (2) any additional documentation the court prescribes.

7 (c) If the court approves the request, it:

8 (1) shall provide in its order that the suspension or reduction of interest
9 is based on the judgment debtor’s current income, assets, and expenses; and

10 (2) may require the judgment debtor periodically to provide the
11 judgment creditor with an updated financial disclosure form.

12 (d) The court may revise its order upon a motion by the judgment creditor
13 or judgment debtor to reinstate, reduce further, or suspend the accrual of
14 interest based on a substantial change in the judgment debtor’s income, assets,
15 or expenses.

16 * * *

17 Sec. 3. 9 V.S.A. chapter 63, subchapter 9 is added to read:

18 Subchapter 9. Debt Collectors and Debt Collection

19 § 2491. DEFINITIONS

20 As used in this subchapter:

21 (1) “Credit card debtor” means a consumer who is in default on credit

1 card debt incurred for personal, family, or household purposes.

2 (2) “Debt collector” means a person who engages, or directly or
3 indirectly aids, in collecting a credit card debt incurred for personal, family, or
4 household purposes, and includes a debt buyer.

5 § 2491a. ENFORCEMENT

6 A person who violates a provision of this subchapter commits an unfair and
7 deceptive act in commerce in violation of section 2453 of this title.

8 § 2491b. CREDIT CARD DEBT COLLECTION; NOTICES TO
9 CONSUMER

10 (a) Notice prior to initiating an action to obtain a judgment against a credit
11 card debtor. Prior to initiating an action to obtain a judgment against a credit
12 card debtor, a debt collector shall deliver to the credit card debtor:

13 (1) the court’s claim of exemption form; and

14 (2) a written notice that contains:

15 (A) the amount of the debt;

16 (B) the name of the debt collector to whom the debt is owed;

17 (C) the name of the original creditor, the last four digits of the
18 account, and the alleged date of the last payment if any;

19 (D) a statement that, if the credit card debtor indicates in writing that
20 his or her current income and assets are exempt from collection, the debt
21 collector will review the information in deciding whether and how to proceed

1 in collecting the debt.

2 (b) Time for delivering notice prior to initiating an action to obtain a
3 judgment against a credit card debtor. A debt collector shall deliver the notice
4 required in subsection (a) of this section not more than 90 days and not less
5 than 30 days before initiating an action to obtain a judgment against a credit
6 card debtor.

7 (c) Notice by assignee prior to filing a motion to collect on a judgment
8 against credit card debtor. Prior to filing a motion to collect on a judgment
9 against a credit card debtor, an assignee of the judgment shall deliver to the
10 judgment debtor:

11 (1) a copy of the judgment against the credit card debtor;

12 (2) the date and parties to each assignment of the judgment;

13 (3) the court's claim of exemption form; and

14 (4) a written statement that, if the credit card debtor indicates in writing
15 that his or her current income and assets are exempt from collection, the debt
16 collector will review the information in deciding whether and how to proceed
17 in collecting on the judgment.

18 (d) Time for delivering notice by assignee prior to filing a motion to collect
19 on a judgment against credit card debtor. The assignee of a judgment shall
20 deliver the notice required in subsection (c) of this section not more than 90
21 days and not less than 30 days before filing a motion to collect on the

1 judgment.

2 § 2491c. DEBT COLLECTION AFTER STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS

3 EXPIRED; LIMITATIONS

4 (a)(1) A debt collector shall not initiate an action to collect debt from a
5 credit card debtor when the debt collector knows or reasonably should know
6 that the applicable statute of limitations has expired.

7 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when the applicable
8 limitations period expires, any subsequent payment toward, written or oral
9 affirmation of, or other activity on the debt does not revive or extend the
10 limitations period.

11 (b) After the statute of limitations to initiate an action to collect debt from a
12 credit card debtor has expired, a debt collector may only communicate with a
13 credit card debtor concerning the debt after providing written or verbal notice
14 that the credit card debtor has the right to request that the debt collector cease
15 all communications with the credit card debtor concerning the debt and
16 providing one of the following disclosures:

17 (1) If the debt is not past the date for obsolescence set forth in the
18 federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681c(a):

19 “The law limits how long you can be sued on a debt. Because of the
20 age of your debt, we cannot sue you for it. However, if you do not pay the
21 debt, [creditor or debt collector name] may [continue to] report it to the credit

1 reporting agencies as unpaid for as long as the law permits this reporting.”

2 (2) If the debt is past the date for obsolescence set forth in the federal
3 Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681c(a):

4 “The law limits how long you can be sued on a debt. Because of the
5 age of your debt, [creditor or debt collector name] cannot sue you for it and
6 will not report it to any credit reporting agency.”

7 Sec. 4. 12 V.S.A. § 2732 is amended to read:

8 § 2732. GOODS, EFFECTS, AND CREDITS HELD BY THIRD PERSON

9 On request of the judgment creditor, the clerk of the court granting
10 judgment shall issue ~~to the officer holding the execution~~ a summons as trustee
11 to a third person having in his or her hands goods, effects, or credits, other than
12 earnings, of the debtor that have not previously been attached on trustee
13 process in connection with the action. The summons shall be in such form as
14 the Supreme Court may by rule provide for a summons to a trustee in
15 connection with the commencement of an action and shall state the date and
16 amount of the judgment. The summons shall be served by the officer upon the
17 trustee in like manner and with the same effect as mesne process. A copy of
18 the summons shall be served upon the judgment debtor with the officer’s
19 endorsement thereon of the date of service upon the trustee. After service of
20 the summons, proceedings shall be had as provided by law and by rule
21 promulgated by the Supreme Court for trustee process in connection with the

1 commencement of an action.

2 Sec. 5. 12 V.S.A. § 3170 is amended to read:

3 § 3170. EXEMPTIONS; ISSUANCE OF ORDER

4 (a) No order approving the issuance of trustee process against earnings
5 shall be entered against a judgment debtor who was, within the two-month
6 period preceding the hearing provided in section 3169 of this title, a recipient
7 of assistance from the Vermont Department for Children and Families or the
8 Department of Vermont Health Access. The judgment debtor must establish
9 this exemption at the time of hearing.

10 (b) The earnings of a judgment debtor shall be exempt as follows:

11 (1) 75 percent of the debtor's weekly disposable earnings, or 30 times
12 the ~~federal~~ minimum hourly wage, whichever is greater; or

13 (2) if the judgment debt arose from a consumer credit transaction, as that
14 term is defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1602 and implementing regulations of the
15 Federal Reserve Board, 85 percent of the debtor's weekly disposable earnings,
16 or 40 times the ~~federal~~ minimum hourly wage, whichever is greater; or

17 (3) if the court finds that the weekly expenses reasonably incurred by
18 the debtor for his or her maintenance and that of dependents exceed the
19 amounts exempted by subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, such greater
20 amount of earnings as the court shall order.

21 * * *

1 Sec. 6. 12 V.S.A. § 3173 is added to read:

2 § 3173. TRUSTEE PROCESS AGAINST JUDGMENT DEBTOR’S

3 BANK ACCOUNTS; PROCEDURE

4 (a)(1) A judgment creditor may, pursuant to this section, obtain trustee
5 process against a judgment debtor’s accounts or funds in the possession of a
6 bank or other financial institution to enforce a money judgment in a civil
7 action.

8 (2) Notwithstanding section 2732 of this title or any other provision of
9 law, a judgment debtor’s accounts or funds in the possession of a bank or other
10 financial institution shall not be attached, be subject to trustee process, or be
11 subject to execution by a judgment creditor unless the requirements of this
12 section are satisfied.

13 (3) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a financial institution from
14 exercising a contractual right of setoff against a judgment debtor’s deposit
15 accounts with the financial institution.

16 (b)(1) A judgment creditor may file an ex parte motion for trustee process
17 against a judgment debtor’s accounts or funds in the possession of a bank or
18 other financial institution describing in detail the grounds for the motion, the
19 amount alleged to be unpaid, including estimated costs anticipated to be
20 expended for court fees and service on parties in connection with the trustee
21 process procedure.

1 (2) The judgment creditor shall prepare a summons and a disclosure for
2 the trustee, and a claim of exemption for the judgment debtor, on forms
3 provided by the court.

4 (c)(1) Upon receipt of a motion for trustee process filed under this section
5 when a judgment is final and has not been satisfied, the Superior clerk is
6 authorized to issue one or more summonses to any trustee financial institution
7 specified by the judgment creditor that possesses accounts or funds belonging
8 to the judgment debtor.

9 (2) If the judgment creditor requests issuance of more than one
10 summons, the judgment creditor shall specify, and the clerk shall include in the
11 summons, which financial institution shall not freeze the amounts exempted by
12 subdivision 2740(15) of this title.

13 (3) The clerk shall issue a notice of hearing concurrently with the
14 summons and shall set the matter for hearing not sooner than 30 days after
15 issuing the notice and summons.

16 (4) A summons issued pursuant to this subsection shall contain
17 instructions to the trustee financial institution directing it not to freeze any
18 funds of the judgment debtor that, based on deposit or other information kept
19 by the trustee financial institution, are protected under 31 C.F.R. part 212 or
20 exempt under subdivision 2740(15) of this title.

21 (d)(1) The judgment creditor shall serve on the trustee financial institution

1 and the judgment debtor pursuant to Rule 4 of the Vermont Rules of Civil
2 Procedure, unless the judgment debtor files an appearance pursuant to Rule 5
3 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure after the motion for trustee process is
4 filed:

5 (A) the motion for trustee process;

6 (B) the summons and notice of hearing issued by the clerk pursuant
7 to subdivisions (c)(1) and (3) of this section;

8 (C) a claim of exemptions form approved by the Court Administrator
9 that permits the judgment debtor to identify any of the debtor's funds in the
10 possession of the trustee financial institution that may be exempt from
11 execution under section 2740 of this title; and

12 (D) a disclosure form for the trustee.

13 (2) If the judgment creditor does not provide proof of service on the
14 judgment debtor by the time of the hearing and the judgment debtor does not
15 appear at the hearing, the court shall issue an order denying the motion for
16 trustee process and directing the trustee financial institution to release all of the
17 judgment debtor's held funds to the judgment debtor, unless the hearing is
18 continued for good cause.

19 (e) Upon receipt of a summons served pursuant to subsection (d) of this
20 section, a trustee financial institution, based on the instructions contained in the
21 summons and deposit or other information kept by the institution:

1 (1) shall not freeze any funds in its possession belonging to the
2 judgment debtor that are protected under 31 C.F.R. part 212 or that are exempt
3 under subdivision 2740(15) of this title;

4 (2) shall freeze any funds up to the amount owed as provided in the
5 summons to the trustee that are not protected under 31 C.F.R. part 212 and that
6 are not exempt under subdivision 2740(15) of this title; and

7 (3) shall return the disclosure form to the court and to the parties within
8 10 days.

9 (f)(1) A judgment debtor may request an expedited hearing to determine a
10 claim of exemption.

11 (2) The judgment debtor shall:

12 (A) submit the request in writing; and

13 (B) send a copy of the request to the court, to the judgment creditor,
14 and to the trustee financial institution.

15 (3) The court shall give notice to the parties and hold the hearing within
16 three business days after the judgment debtor makes the request.

17 (4) If the judgment debtor requests an expedited hearing, he or she is
18 deemed to have entered an appearance and waived any further service.

19 (g) At the hearing on the motion for trustee process or motion for expedited
20 hearing, the court shall consider the disclosure form from the trustee and the
21 testimony and affidavits offered by any party, provided that an affiant is

1 available to testify in person or by telephone. The court shall issue an order
2 granting or denying the motion for trustee process, which shall:

3 (1) state the amount of the judgment unpaid, including costs incurred
4 since filing the motion;

5 (2) state the rate of postjudgment interest due under 9 V.S.A.
6 § 41a(b)(10);

7 (3) identify any funds of the judgment debtor in the possession of the
8 trustee financial institution that are exempt from execution under section 2740
9 of this title and order release of those funds to the judgment debtor;

10 (4) review any proposed settlement between the judgment creditor and
11 the judgment debtor and make a finding as to whether any waiver of
12 exemptions was knowing; and

13 (5) identify the amount of funds in the possession of the trustee financial
14 institution that shall be released to the judgment creditor.

15 (h) A trustee financial institution shall not be subject to criminal or civil
16 liability for any actions taken in reliance upon the provisions of this section.

17 Sec. 7. IMPLEMENTATION; REPORT

18 (a) On or before January 15, 2020, the Attorney General, in consultation
19 with the Judicial Branch, representatives of creditors and debtors, and national
20 nonprofit organizations representing the receivables industry, shall submit to
21 the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary, the House Committee on

1 Commerce and Economic Development, and the Senate Committee on
2 Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs a report that addresses:

3 (1) the implementation, outcomes, and effectiveness of this act;

4 (2) whether to expand the applicability of the provisions of this act
5 beyond credit card debt; and

6 (3) any recommendations for further legislative action related to this act.

7 (b) On or before January 15, 2019, the Attorney General, in consultation
8 with the Judicial Branch and representatives of creditors and debtors, shall

9 submit to the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary, the House

10 Committee on Commerce and Economic Development, and the Senate

11 Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs a report

12 that addresses the potential costs and benefits of requiring a court to acquire

13 and review a debtor’s credit report when considering a request to reduce or

14 suspend the accrual of postjudgment interest, who should be responsible for

15 producing the credit report, and how to ensure consumer privacy if a credit

16 report is used for those purposes in a court action.

17 Sec. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE

18 This act shall take effect on October 1, 2018.

19 and that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: “An act

20 relating to consumer protection, credit card debt, and trustee process”

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1 (Committee vote: _____)

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Representative _____

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FOR THE COMMITTEE